



## DESCRIPTION

The A6303A is designed for portable RF and wireless applications with demanding performance and space requirements. The A6303A performance is optimized for battery-powered systems to deliver ultra low noise and low quiescent current. Regulator ground current increases only slightly in dropout, further prolonging the battery life. The A6303A also works with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications, critical in hand-held wireless devices. The A6303A consumes less than 0.01 $\mu$ A in shutdown mode and has fast turn-on time less than 50 $\mu$ s. The other features include ultra low dropout voltage, high output accuracy, current limiting protection, and high ripple rejection ratio.

The A6303A is available in SOT-23, SOT-25 and SC70-5 Packages.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Package Type	Part Number	
SOT-23 SPQ: 3,000pcs/Reel	E3	A6303AE3R-XXZ
		A6303AE3VR-XXZ
SOT-25 SPQ: 3,000pcs/Reel	E5	A6303AE5R-XXZ
		A6303AE5VR-XXZ
SC70-5 SPQ: 3,000pcs/Reel	C5	A6303AC5R-XX
		A6303AC5VR-XX
Note	XX: Output Voltage 12= 1.2V, 15= 1.5V, 18= 1.8V, 25= 2.5V, 28= 2.8V, 30= 3.0V, 33= 3.3V, 50= 5.0V Z: Output Type A = A Type V: Halogen free Package R: Tape & Reel	
AiT provides all RoHS products		

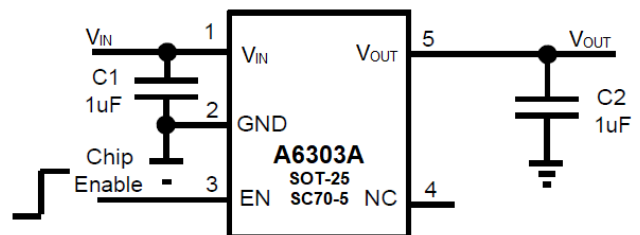
## FEATURES

- Ultra-low Noise for RF Application
- Ultra-Fast Response in Line/Load Transient
- <0.01 $\mu$ A Standby Current When Shutdown (SOT-25, SC70-5)
- Low Dropout: 210mV@300mA
- Wide Operating Voltage Ranges: 2V to 6V
- Wide Output Voltage Range: 1.2V to 5V
- TTL-logic-Controlled Shutdown Input (SOT-25, SC70-5)
- Low Temperature Coefficient
- Current Limiting Protection
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Only 1 $\mu$ F Output Capacitor Required for Stability
- High Power Supply Rejection Ratio
- Custom Voltage Available
- Fast output discharge
- Available in SOT-23, SOT-25, SC70-5 Packages

## APPLICATION

- Cellular and Smart Phones
- Battery-Powered Equipment
- Laptop, Palmtops, Notebook Computers
- Hand-Held Instruments
- PCMCIA Cards
- MP3/MP4/MP5 Players
- Portable Information Appliances

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



NOTE: Output capacitor (C2  $\geq$  2.2 $\mu$ F) is recommended in A6303A-1.2V, A6303A-1.3V, A6303A-1.5V and A6303A-1.8V application to assure the stability of circuit.



## PIN DESCRIPTION

<p style="text-align: center;">Top View</p>		<p style="text-align: center;">Top View</p>		<p style="text-align: center;">Top View</p>	
Package	SOT-23	SOT-25	SC70-5	Symbol	Function
Pin Type	A	A			
Pin #	3	1	1	V <sub>IN</sub>	Power Input Voltage.
	1	2	2	GND	Ground
	-	3	3	EN	Chip Enable Pin. Active high with internal 8MΩ pull down
	-	4	4	NC	No Connection
	2	5	5	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage.

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

Package	$\theta_{JA}$	$\theta_{JC}$
SOT-23	250°C/W	130°C/W
SOT-25	250°C/W	130°C/W
SC70-5	333°C/W	170°C/W

NOTE: Thermal Resistance is specified with approximately 1 square of 1 oz copper.



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>NOTE1</sup>

$V_{IN}$ , Input Supply Voltage	
SOT-25, SC70-5	-0.3V ~ +6V
SOT-23	-0.3V ~ +6.5V
EN Pin Input Voltage (SOT-25, SC70-5)	-0.3V ~ $V_{IN}$
Output Voltages	-0.3V ~ $V_{IN}+0.3V$
Output Current	300mA
Maximum Junction Temperature	
SOT-25, SC70-5	150°C
SOT-23	125°C
Operating Temperature Range <sup>NOTE2</sup>	-40°C ~ 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C ~ 125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	300°C

Stresses above may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the Electrical Characteristics are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

NOTE2: The A6303A is guaranteed to meet performance specifications from 0°C to 70°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>NOTE3</sup>

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $EN = V_{IN}$  (SOT-25, SC70-5),  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit		
Input Voltage		$V_{IN}$		2	-	6	V		
Output Voltage Accuracy <sup>NOTE4</sup>		$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ , $I_{OUT} = 1mA$	-2	-	+2	%		
Current Limit		$I_{LIM}$	$R_{LOAD} = 1\Omega$	400	430	-	mA		
Quiescent Current		$I_Q$	$V_{EN} > 1.2V$ , $I_{OUT} = 0mA$	SOT-25		-	90	130	$\mu A$
			SC70-5						
		$I_{OUT} = 0mA$	SOT-23						
Dropout Voltage		$V_{DROP}$	$I_{OUT} = 200mA$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.8V$	-	130	180	mV		
			$I_{OUT} = 300mA$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.8V$	-	210	300			
Line Regulation <sup>NOTE5</sup>		$\Delta V_{LINE}$	$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ to $5.5V$ $I_{OUT} = 1mA$	-	0.05	0.17	%/V		
Load Regulation <sup>NOTE6</sup>		$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	$1mA < I_{OUT} < 300mA$	-	-	2	%/A		
Output Voltage <sup>NOTE7</sup> Temperature Coefficient		$TC_{VOUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$	-	$\pm 60$	-	ppm/ $^\circ C$		
Standby Current		$I_{STBY}$	$V_{EN} = GND$ , Shutdown	SOT-25		-	0.01	0.1	$\mu A$
				SC70-5					
EN Input Bias Current		$I_{IBSD}$	$V_{EN} = GND$ or $V_{IN}$	SOT-25		-	-	500	nA
				SC70-5					
EN Input Threshold	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = 3V$ to $5.5V$ , Shutdown	SOT-25		-	-	0.4	V
	SC70-5								
	Logic High	$V_{IH}$	$V_{IN} = 3V$ to $5.5V$ , Start up	SOT-25		1.2	-	-	-
SC70-5									
Output Noise Voltage		$e_{NO}$	10Hz to 100kHz, $I_{OUT} = 200mA$	-	100	-	$\mu V_{RMS}$		
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	f = 217Hz	PSRR	$I_{OUT} = 100mA$	-	-78	-	-	dB	
	f = 1kHz				-72				
	f = 10kHz				-52				
Thermal Shutdown Temperature		$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing	-	165	-	$^\circ C$		
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		$T_{SDHY}$		-	30	-	$^\circ C$		

NOTE3: 100% production test at  $+25^\circ C$ . Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

NOTE4: Output voltage accuracy :  $\pm 2\%$ .

NOTE5: Line regulation is calculated by  $\Delta V_{LINE} = [(V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}) / (\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT(NORMAL)})] \times 100$ . Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{IN} = 5.5V$ , and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $\Delta V_{IN} = 1.9V$ ,  $V_{OUT(NORMAL)} = 2.8V$ .

NOTE6: Load regulation is calculated by  $\Delta V_{LOAD} = [(V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}) / (\Delta I_{OUT} \times V_{OUT(NORMAL)})] \times 100$ . Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT} = 1mA$ , and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT} = 300mA$ .  $\Delta I_{OUT} = 0.299A$ ,  $V_{OUT(NORMAL)} = 2.8V$ .

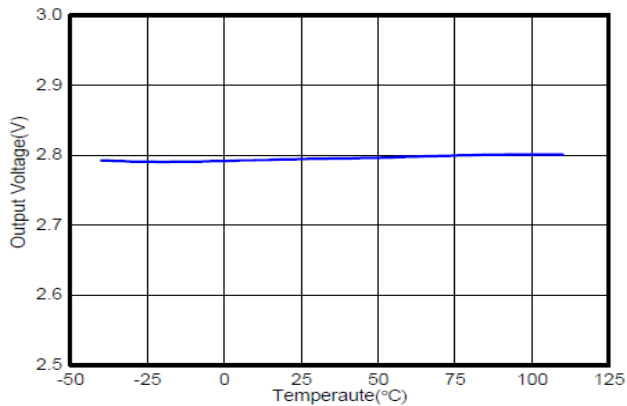
NOTE7: The temperature coefficient is calculated by  $TC_{VOUT} = [\Delta V_{OUT} / (\Delta T \times V_{OUT})]$



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

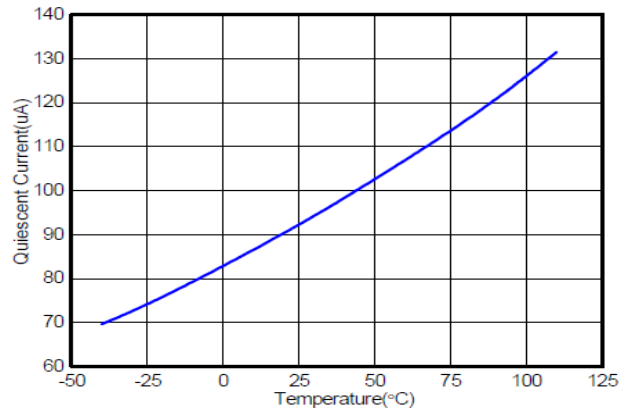
### 1. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$



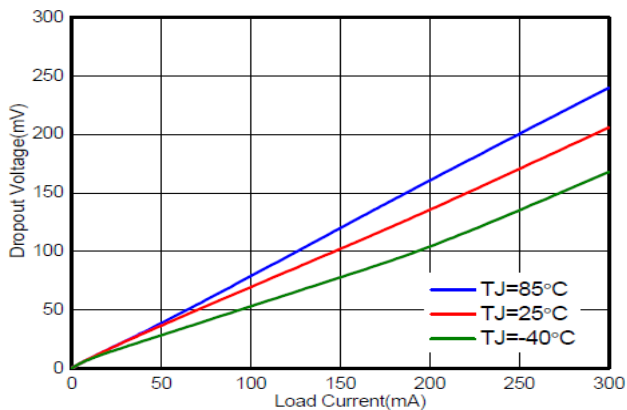
### 2. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$



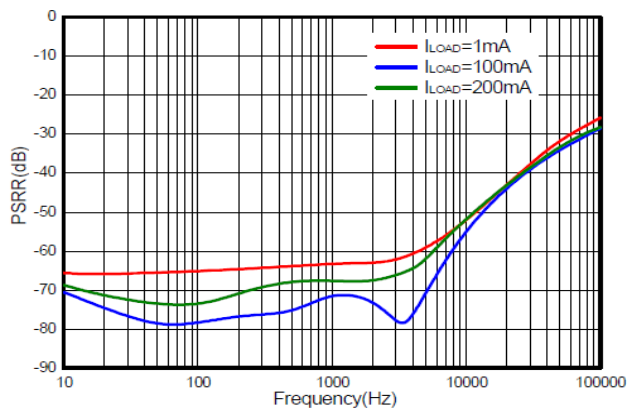
### 3. Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current

$V_{OUT} = 2.8V$ (SOT-23),  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$



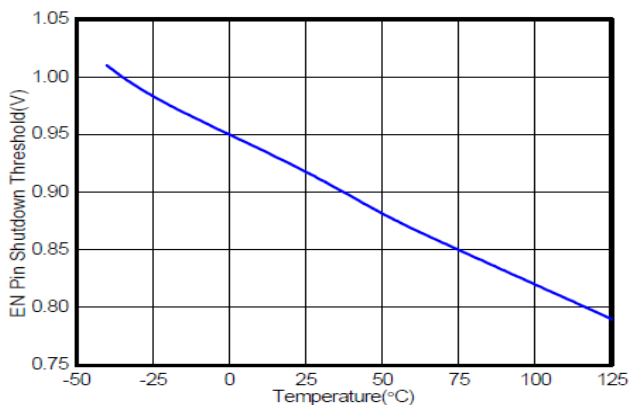
### 4. PSRR

$V_{IN} = 4.2V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 1\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F \times 7R$



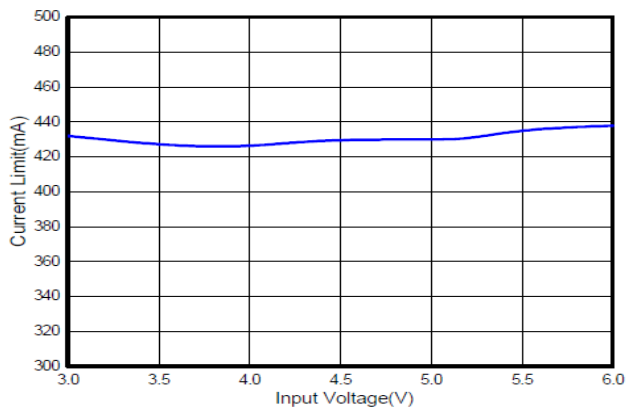
### 5. EN Pin Shutdown Threshold Vs. Temperature

(SOT-25, SC70-5)  $V_{IN} = 3.6V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$



### 6. Current Limit Vs. Input Voltage

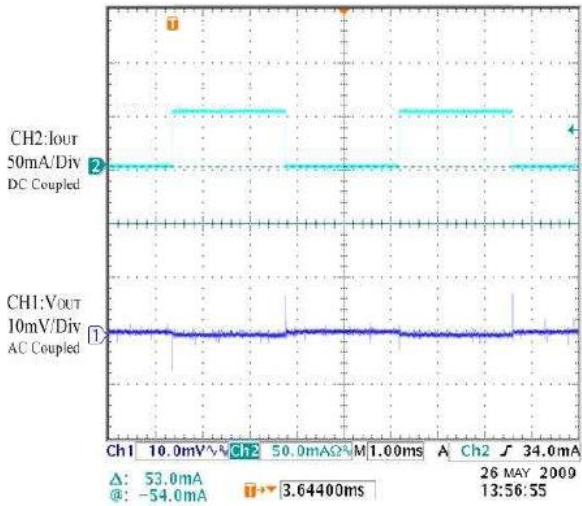
$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.8V$





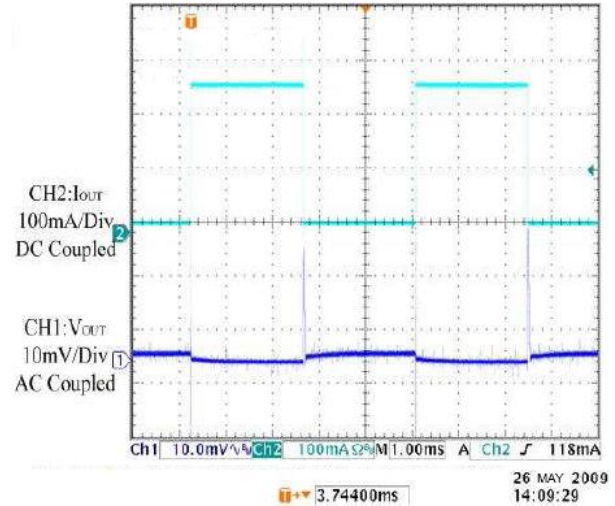
**7. Load Transient Response**

$V_{IN}=5V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1mA$  to  $50mA$



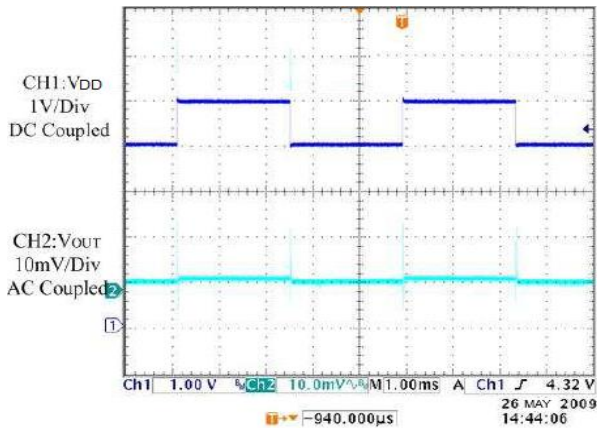
**8. Load Transient Response**

$V_{IN}=5V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1mA$  to  $250mA$



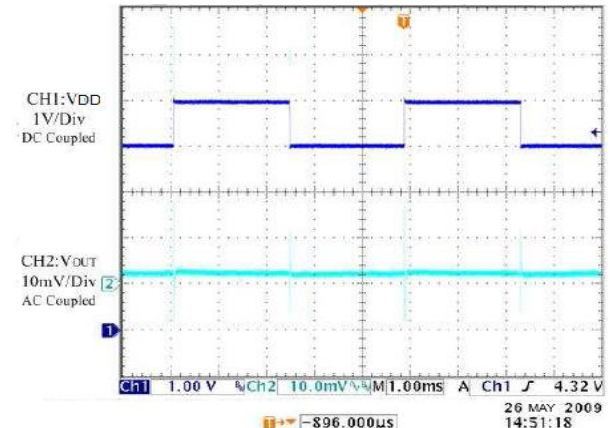
**9. Line Transient Response**

$V_{IN}=4V$  to  $5V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1mA$



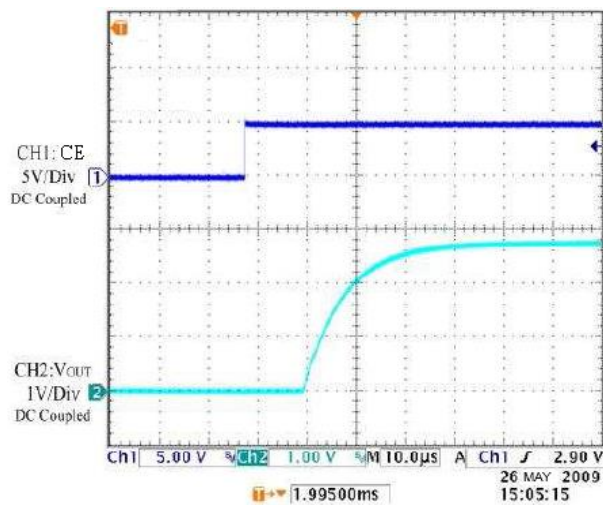
**10. Line Transient Response**

$V_{IN}=4V$  to  $5V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT}=100mA$



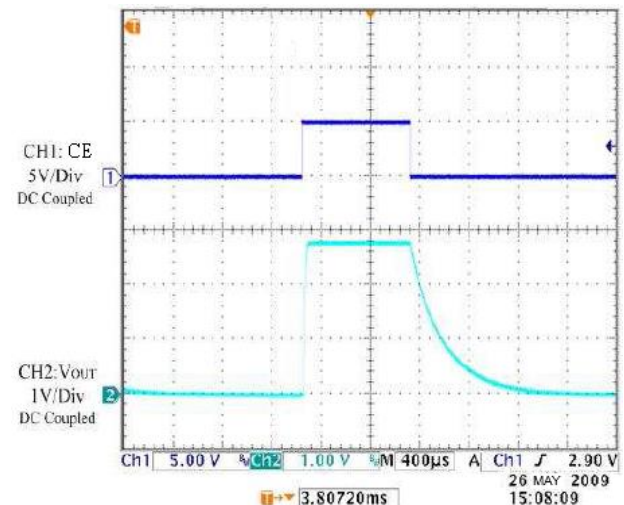
**11. Start Up (SOT-25, SC70-5)**

$V_{IN}= 5V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ , No Load



**12. EN Pin Shutdown Response (SOT-25, SC70-5)**

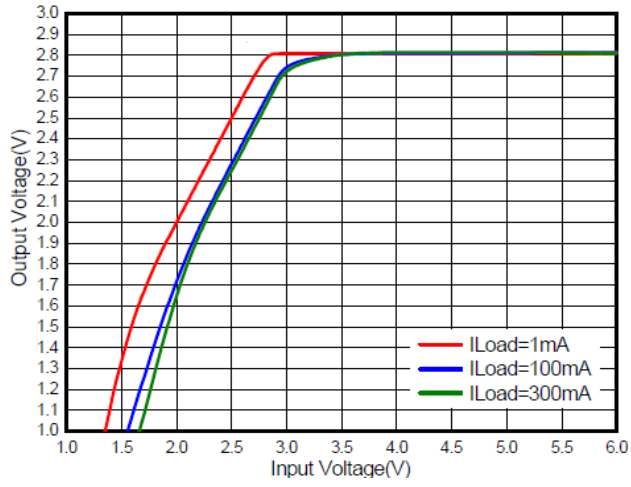
$V_{IN}= 5V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$ , No Load





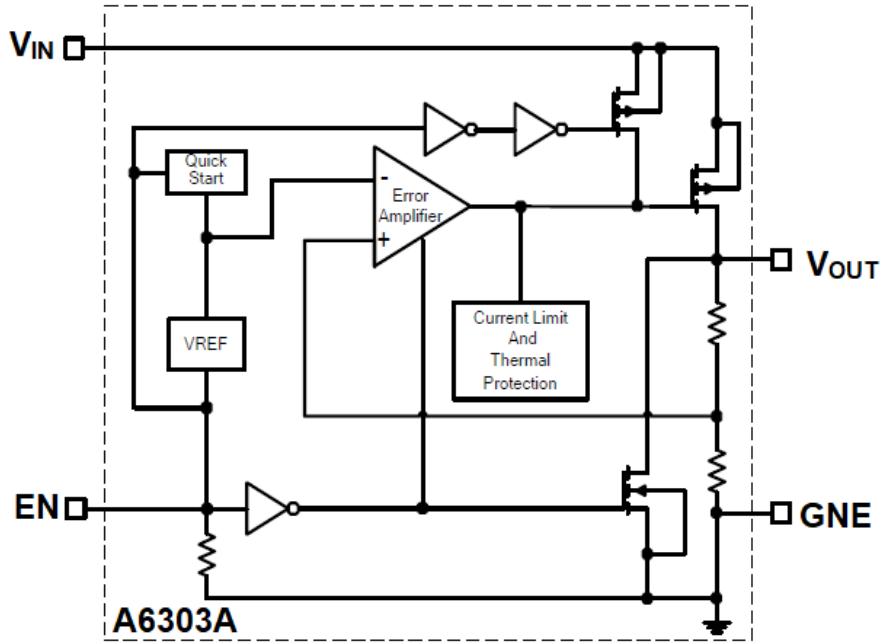
13.  $V_{OUT}$  vs.  $V_{IN}$

$V_{OUT} = 2.8V$ (SOT-23),  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$





**BLOCK DIAGRAM**







## DETAILED INFORMATION

Like any low-dropout regulator, the external capacitors used with the A6303A must be carefully selected for regulator stability and performance. Using a capacitor whose value is  $> 1\mu\text{F}$  on the A6303A input and the amount of capacitance can be increased without limit. The input capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5 inch from the input pin of the IC and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic or tantalum can be used for this capacitor. The capacitor with larger value and lower ESR (equivalent series resistance) provides better PSRR and line-transient response. The output capacitor must meet both requirements for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR in all LDOs application. The A6303A is designed specifically to work with low ESR ceramic output capacitor in space-saving and performance consideration. Using a ceramic capacitor whose value is at least  $1\mu\text{F}$  with ESR is  $> 25\text{m}\Omega$  on the A6303A output ensures stability. The A6303A still works well with output capacitor of other types due to the wide stable ESR range. Output capacitor of larger capacitance can reduce noise and improve load transient response, stability, and PSRR. The output capacitor should be located not more than 0.5 inch from the  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  pin of the A6303A and returned to a clean analog ground.

### Enable Function (SOT-25, SC70-5)

The A6303A features an LDO regulator enable/disable function. To assure the LDO regulator will switch on; the EN turn on control level must be greater than 1.2 volts. The LDO regulator will go into the shut down mode when the voltage on the EN pin falls below 0.4 volts. For to protect the system, the A6303A have a quick discharge function. If the enable function is not needed in a specific application, it may be tied to  $V_{\text{IN}}$  to keep the LDO regulator in a continuously on state.

### Thermal Considerations

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in A6303A. When the operation junction temperature exceeds  $165^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function turn the pass element off. The pass element turns on again after the junction temperature cools by  $30^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

For continue operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The power dissipation definition in device is:

$$P_D = (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}}) \times I_{\text{OUT}} + V_{\text{IN}} \times I_Q \text{ (SOT-23)}$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula :

$$P_D(\text{MAX}) = (T_J(\text{MAX}) - T_A) / \theta_{\text{JA}}$$



Where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum operation junction temperature  $125^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and the  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance. For recommended operating conditions specification of A6303A, where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die ( $125^{\circ}C$ ) and  $T_A$  is the maximum ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$  is layout dependent) for SOT-23, SOT-25 package is  $250^{\circ}C/W$ , SC70- 5 package is  $333^{\circ}C/W$ , on standard JEDEC 51-3 thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at  $T_A= 25^{\circ}C$  can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_D(MAX) = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / 250 = 400mW \text{ (SOT-23, SOT-25)}$$

$$P_D(MAX) = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / 333 = 300mW \text{ (SC70-5)}$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on operating ambient temperature for fixed  $T_{J(MAX)}$  and thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$ . It is also useful to calculate the junction of temperature of the A6303A under a set of specific conditions. In this example let the Input voltage  $V_{IN}=3.3V$ , the output current  $I_o=300mA$  and the case temperature  $T_A=40^{\circ}C$  measured by a thermal couple during operation. The power dissipation for the  $V_{OUT}=2.8V$  version of the A6303A can be calculated as:

$$P_D = (3.3V - 2.8V) \times 300mA + 3.6V \times 100\mu A = 150mW$$

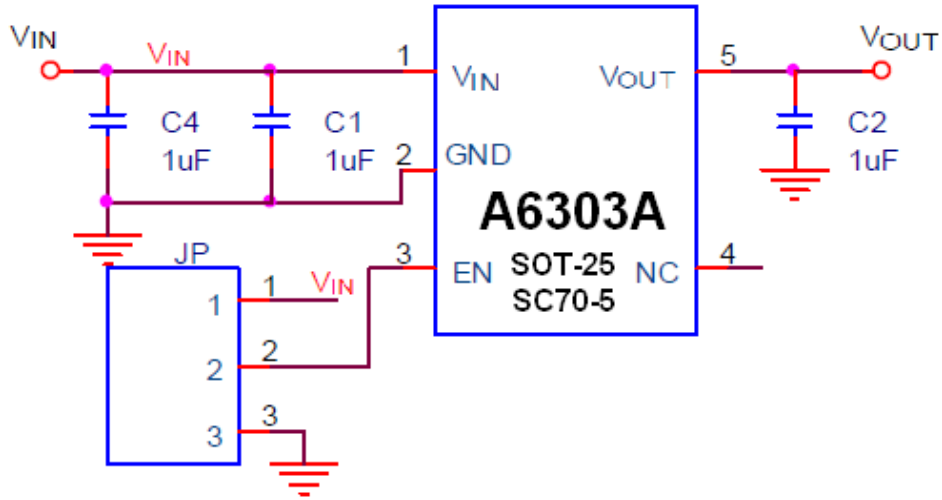
And the junction temperature,  $T_J$ , can be calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} T_J &= T_A + P_D \times \theta_{JA} = 40^{\circ}C + 0.15W \times 250^{\circ}C/W \\ &= 40^{\circ}C + 37.5^{\circ}C = 77.5^{\circ}C < T_{J(MAX)} = 150^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$$

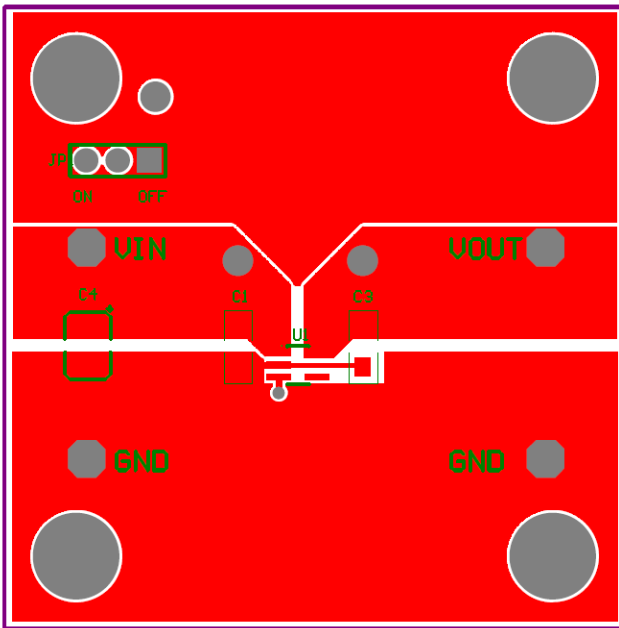
For this operating condition,  $T_J$  is lower than the absolute maximum operating junction temperature,  $125^{\circ}C$ , so it is safe to use the A6303A in this configuration.

#### Layout considerations

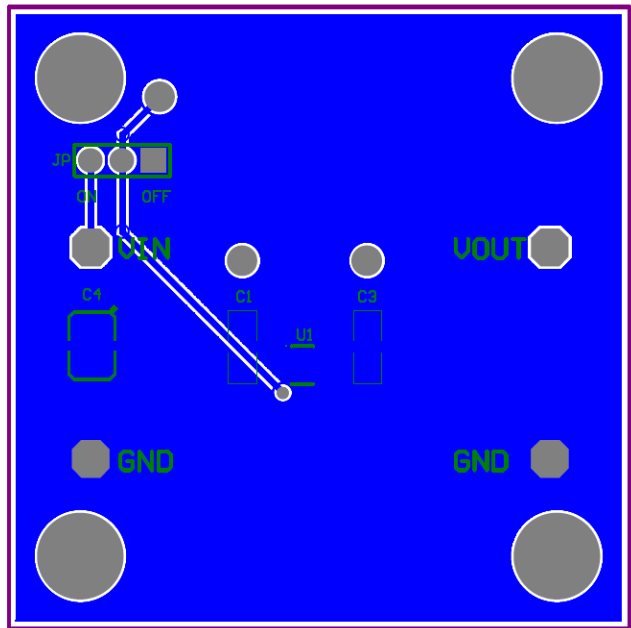
To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the PCB be designed with separate ground planes for  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$ , with each ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device.



A6303A-2.8V(SOT-25, SC70-5) Layout Circuit



TOP Layer Layout

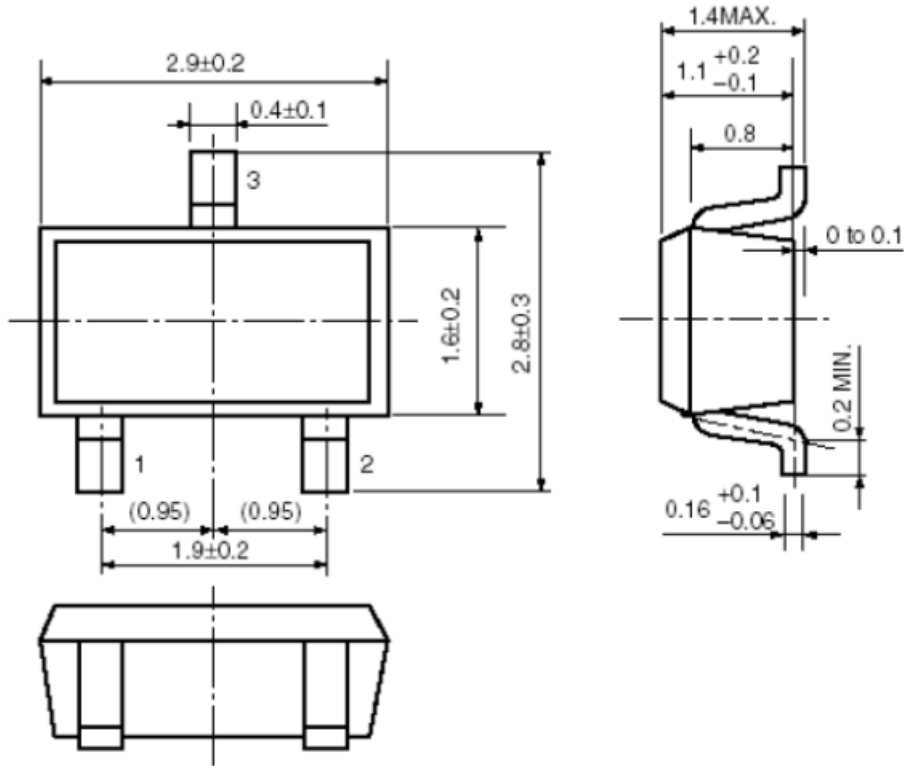


BOTTOM Layer Layout



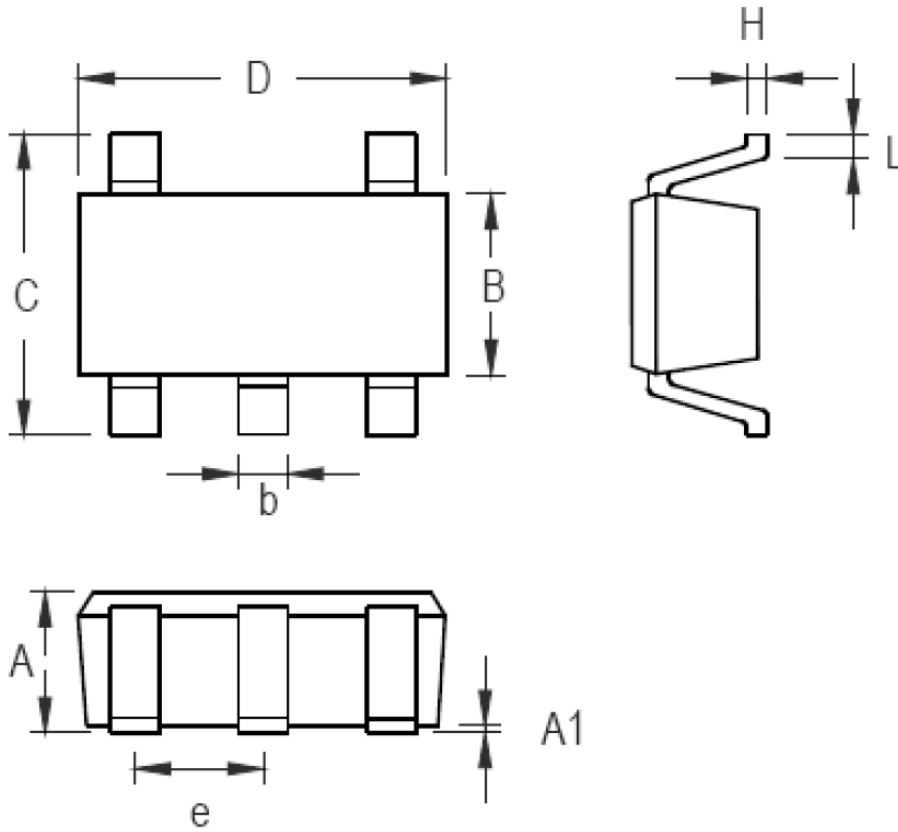
## PACKAGE INFORMATION

Dimension in SOT-23 Package (Unit: mm)





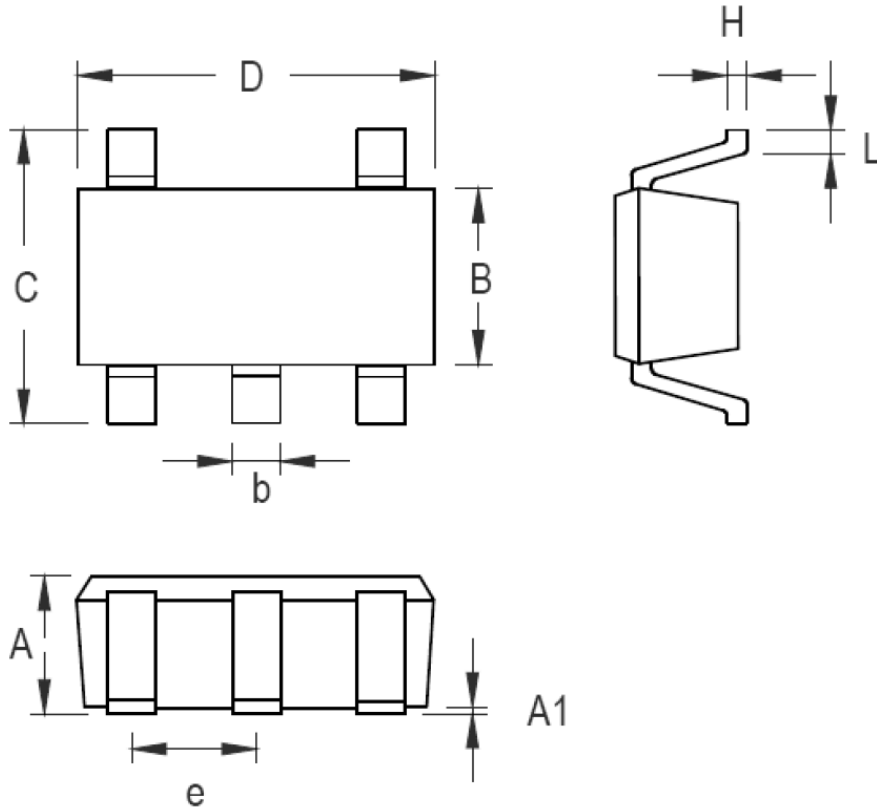
Dimension in SOT-25 (Unit: mm)



Symbol	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.889	1.295	0.035	0.051
A1	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.006
B	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071
b	0.356	0.559	0.014	0.022
C	2.591	2.997	0.102	0.118
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122
e	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041
H	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024



Dimension in SC70-5 (Unit: mm)



Symbol	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.800	1.100	0.031	0.044
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
B	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.054
b	0.150	0.400	0.006	0.016
C	1.800	2.450	0.071	0.096
D	1.800	2.250	0.071	0.089
e	0.650 TYP		0.026 TYP	
H	0.080	0.260	0.003	0.010
L	0.210	0.460	0.008	0.018



## IMPORTANT NOTICE

AiT Semiconductor Inc. (AiT) reserves the right to make changes to any its product, specifications, to discontinue any integrated circuit product or service without notice, and advises its customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that the information being relied on is current.

AiT Semiconductor Inc.'s integrated circuit products are not designed, intended, authorized, or warranted to be suitable for use in life support applications, devices or systems or other critical applications. Use of AiT products in such applications is understood to be fully at the risk of the customer. As used herein may involve potential risks of death, personal injury, or server property, or environmental damage. In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, the customer should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

AiT Semiconductor Inc. assumes to no liability to customer product design or application support. AiT warrants the performance of its products of the specifications applicable at the time of sale.